1	IN THE ALASKA SUPREME COURT FOR THE STATE OF ALASKA
2	THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT AT ANCHORAGE 3/19/2020 REFUSED FOR FILING
3	PATRICY LI TYPRENCE
4	Petitioner, vs. Petitioner, Petitioner, Petitioner, Petition Rease
5	vs. STATE OF ALASKA FOR Petitioner, Appeal not a petition. Please MAR 19 2000 Picture there. NAR 19 2000 Picture there.
6	STATE OF ALASKA FOR DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION, Respondent. Supreme Court Case No. S-17,5000
7	APPELOR M.
8	Respondent. Supreme Court Case No. S-17/50 Ce: Po
9	PETITION FOR HEARING
10	IN THE ALASKA SUPREME COURT
11	Did the Superior Court err in dismissing the appellant's
12	Administrative Appeal from an Administrative Agency, under the proposed
13	circumstances, and did it violate Alaska Law, and the United States
14	Constitution?
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17	I certify that on this date true and correct copies of the Petition
18	For Hearing and this Certificate of Service were served via U.S. Mail on the
19	following:
20	Department of Law
21	Office of the Attorney General Anchorage Branch
22	1031 W. Fourth Avenue, Suite 200 Anchorage, Alaska 99501
23	Formick Hopmone 3-17-20
24	PATRICK H. TORRENCE DATE
25	

AUTHORITIES RELIED UPON

JURISDICTION 22.07.020 COURT OF APPEALS

JURISDICTION 22.10.020 SUPERIOR COURT

Article 3

Claims Against the State or State employess. Sec. 09.50.250. Actionable claims against the state. (a)(2)(3). (a)(2) isolates a person with gross negligence. (3) arises out of assault, battery, false imprisonment, false arrest, malicious prosecution, abuse of process, misrepresentation, deceit, or interference with contract rights: Isolated a penalty of \$500.00 for each day of the improper isolation. \$500.00 x 60=30,000.00 60 days. From 7/15/19 - 9/13/19. Administrative Segregation without sufficient probable cause.

Article 6

22 AAC 05.400 Prohibited conduct for prisoners Major infraction (b)(6) assault by a prisoner upon another prisoner under the circumstances that create a substantial risk of serious injury; (c)(1) Mutual combat fighting (i.e., mutual combat) with a person; insufficient probable cause. And abandoned by the Department of Correction staff.

State of Alaska Department of Correction Policies and Procedures Chapter: Special management of prisoners Subject: Administrative Segregation. 22 AAC 05.155.

Index 804.01 VI. Policy: The Department of Correction shall not use administrative segregation as punishment. However they placed the appellant there 60 days without sufficient probable cause.

VII. Procedures Administrative Segregation (A)(8) presents a substantial and immediate threat to the security of the facility or public safety;

ALASKA LAW AND CONSTITUTION Article 1 Declaration of Rights

Article 1 Section 1 Inherent Rights: Denied

Article 1 Section 3 Civil Rights: Denied

Article 1 Section 7 Due Process Procedural and Substantive: Denied

Article 1 Section 11 Rights of the Accused: Denied

Article 1 Section 24 Rights of Crime Victims: Denied

UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION

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United States constitution Fourteenth Amendment Bill of Rights to the states by prohibiting states from denying fair and impartial due process and the equal protection and abridging the privileges and immunities of U.S. Citizenship. And depriving of life, liberty, or property without due process of law.

Fourth Amendment right prohibiting unreasonable seizure of a person or prisoner without probable cause.

Eighth Amendment right prohibiting cruel and unusual punishment: 60 days of improper Administrative Segregation.

ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION

VII. B. Placement in Administrative Segregation 1. Emergency Segregation Placement c. Except for inmates described in section A(1) and A(6) above, the Department shall not keep an inmate in administrative segregation for than 24 hours unless the Superintendent determines in writing (on form 804.01A) that the inmate is a substantial and immediate threat to him or herself, others, or the security of the facility and sets out the facts that justify segregation of the inmate until a hearing is held pursuant to section C below.

Comment: this process was abused of its discretion.

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3 of 8

INTRODUCTION:

- 1) Did the authorities follow the ten steps outlined as proper procedure for a disciplinary hearing before placing an inmate in administrative segregation. No. They failed to provide an Appeal Process.
- 2) Did the Court err in its decision to dismiss the Administrative Appeal after noting the error of the Department of Correction improper Administrative Segregation. Yes.
- 3) Did the State of Alaska for the Department of Correction and the Court err in the fact that the Appellant pro se motion is to be liberally construed. Yes
- 4) Did the Department of Correction err in placing the appellant into Administrative Segregation for 60 days without sufficient probable cause. Yes.
- 5) Was the appellant injured? Yes. Was the appellant seriously assaulted? Yes Why was the appellant (c)(1) assault charges abandoned? Because he acted in self-defense after being attack. Why was the appeallant held maliciously in Administrative Segregation for 60 days without an appeal process under (A)(8)? Because of abuse of discretion; an adjudicator's failure to exercise sound legal decision making in the process. The appellant made the call for emergence medical to security via speaker-intercom for help after he was attacked. Why was he arrested? To cover up lack of security and failure to protect.
 - 6) Are these errors of constitutional magnitude? Yes.

Background:

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In my initial petition to the Superior Court, an Appeal from an Administrative Agency to the Superior Court. My complaints were numerous 1-30. The Honorable Superior Court Judge Josie Garton norrowed the complaint 1-15. At 15 pursuant to Court's ruling in Barber, Torrence appears to have demonstrated an "actual inability to pay" the full and reduced filing fee as it pertains to his appeal of DOC disciplinary decision to place him in punitive segregation for 53 days.

Accordingly, it appears that Torrence's Motion to waive or Reduce Cost Bond should be granted with respect to his appeal of DOC decision to place him in punitive segregation but not to the remainder of his claims.

The parties have 10 days to object to the court's proposed action.

The Court was communicating Administrative Segregation not punitive 14 segregation as the appellant was referring to Administrative Segregation. 15 Improper Administrative Segregation. In this case they are one in the same as it 16 refers to the deprivation of rights to fair and impartial due process and the 17 equal protection of the law under Alaska law and the United States constitution 18 law Fourteenth Amendment. The appellant was denied Substantive and Procedural 19 fair and impartial due process of the law.

After recalculating of the Administrative Segregation Hearing Forms Date/ 21 Time placed in Ad Seg: 07-15-19 at 1445 PO Bauer - Next Review Date: 9-13-19 22 PO Ridges Administrative Segregation Review Form totaling 60 days at Cookinlet 23 pretrial facility before release. Changing the days and dollar amount as to 24 Alaska law Article 3 Sec. 09.50.250 (2)(3) \$500.000 per day x 60=\$30,000.00 25 for Administrative Segregation gross negligence due to insufficient probable 26 cause deprivation of life, liberty, and property.

The (c)(1) Mutual combat charge was abandoned by the Department of Correction. But there was a failure to remove my person from the improper Administrative Segregation. Totaling 60 days with no type of appeal process. I eventually complained via RFI to PO Ridges at Cookinlet pretria who removed me from Administrative Segregation to Golf mod 9/14/19.

ARGUMENT:

How was the Department of Correction addressing safety concerns by placing the victim on Administrative Segregation (A)(8) when the victim wasn't the problem? Punishing the crime victim is not a safety concern. It is a violation of the victim's constitutional rights to fair and impartial due process and the equal protection of the law. And a deprivation of life, liberty, and property. Especially that this went on for 60 days with no appeal process and an attempt to cover up the sergeant's involvement by denying fair and impartial due process through the grievance system.

The Administrative Segregation Hearing Forms provide enough factual and legal information to prove what has been presented. Even Judge Garton had agreed to this somewhat initially until the State of Alaska Department of law attempted to turn this into a direct action against the State. This is not a direct action against the state it was an attempt at an Administrative Appeal from an Administrative Agency to exhaust remedies as taught in the ACLU manual So I was attempting to state all factual information involved. How else can the court make a thorough examination of the facts and claims of the deprivation of my constitutional rights that occurred at the Spring Creek Correctional Center and continued at the Anchorage Jail and at Cookinlet pretrial; where they found me to be correct and then move me into Golf module 9/14/19.

This brief summary contradicts what the State of Alaska for the Department of law presents.

1	Conclusion:
2	Remand with instruction to correct in the interest of justice.
3	Dated this 17th, day of March, 2020.
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5	PATRICK H. TORRENCE
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22	마이트 경기 이 기계를 가장 하는 사람들이 되었다. 그 사람들이 되었다. 그 사람들이 되었다. 그렇게 되었다. 참 보통하는 것 같은 사람들은 사람들은 경기를 가장 하는 것이 되었다. 그 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.
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